
Particle Filter Quality under Real World Conditions: DPF Quality in Off-Road Diesel Engines



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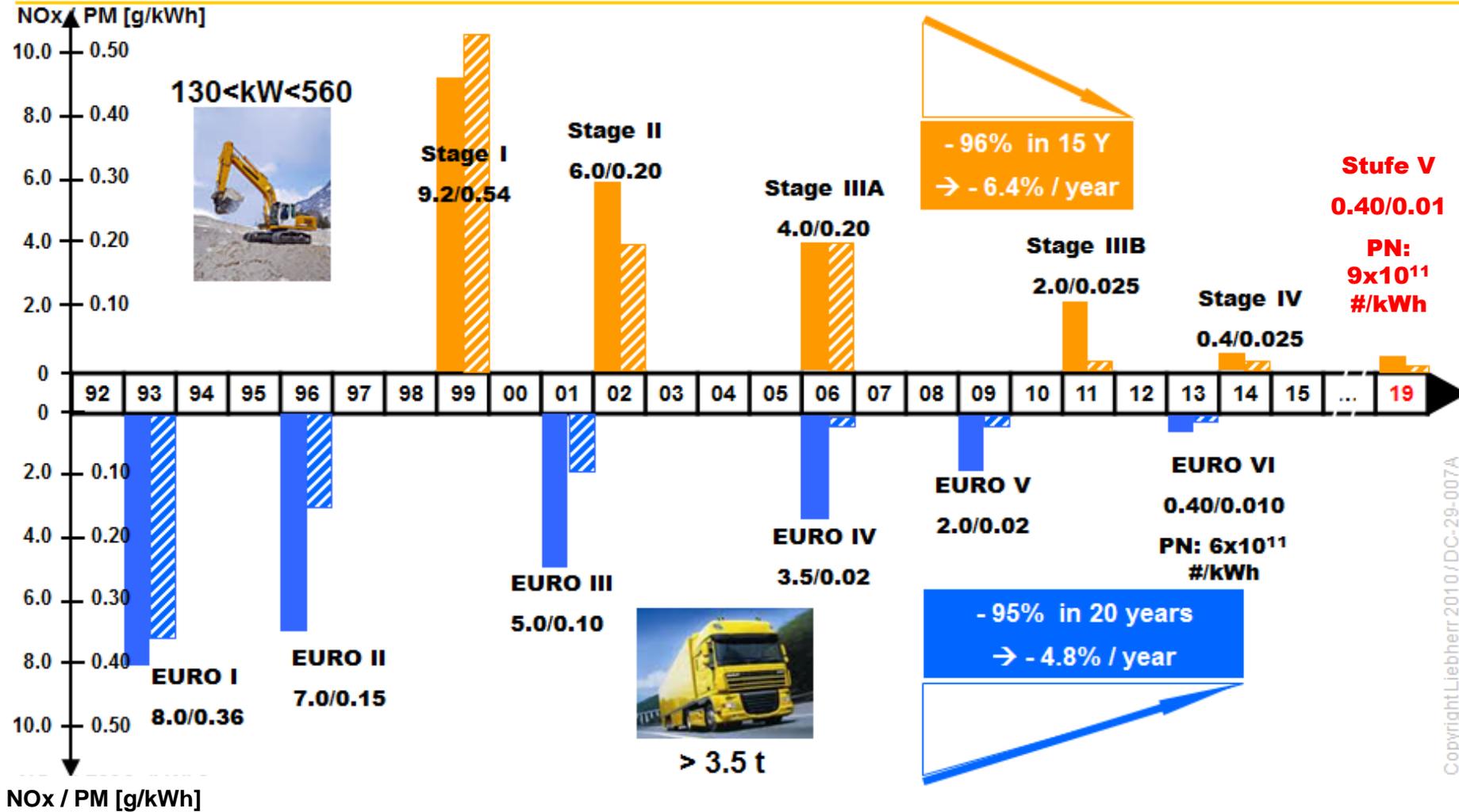
LIEBHERR

Content

- **Requirements on exhaust aftertreatment systems for off-highway applications**
 - Legislative requirements
 - Market and in use requirements
- **Field experience with Liebherr DPF-Solutions**
 - Retrofit-DPF for Stage I, II & IIIA Engines
 - DPF Solution for Stage IIIB / Tier4i Engines
 - SCRFilter Solution for Stage V

Legislative requirements

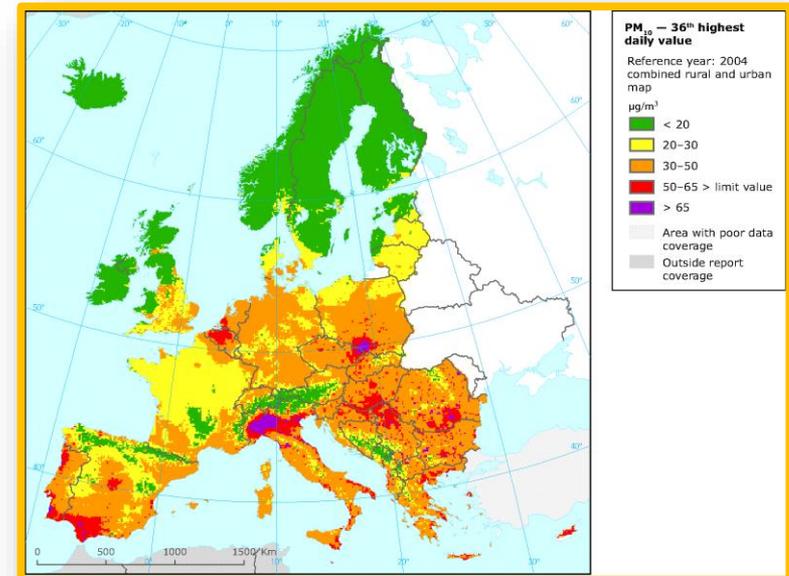
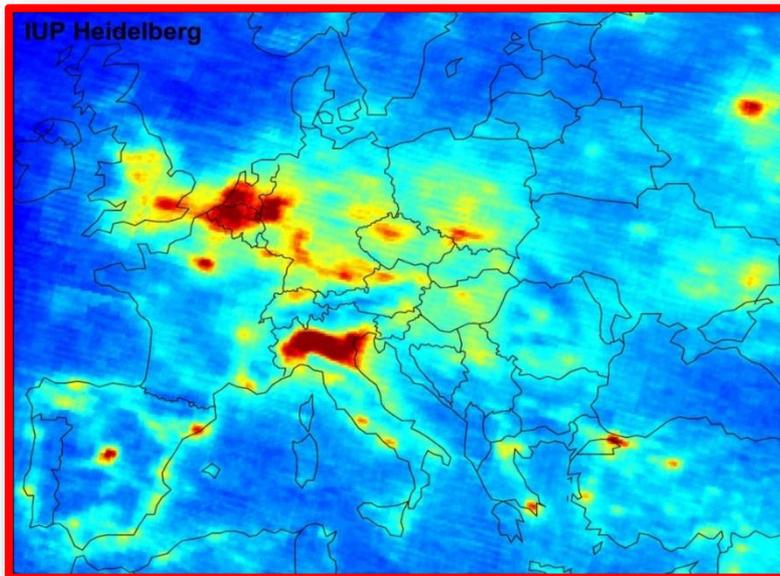
Chronology of exhaust legislation: on- vs. off-highway



Local Emission - Directive 2008/50/EC

Relating to limit values for sulphur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide and oxides of nitrogen, particulate matter and lead in ambient air

- Requires that action plans be developed for zones within which concentrations of pollutants in ambient air exceed limit values
- LEZ (Low Emissions Zone)



97/68/EC «Engine Emissions durability periods»

2. EMISSION DURABILITY PERIODS FOR STAGE IIIA, IIIB AND IV ENGINES.
- 2.1. Manufacturers shall use the EDP in Table 1 of this section.

Table 1: EDP categories for CI Stage IIIA, IIIB and IV Engines (hours)

Category (power band)	Useful life (hours) (PDE)
≤ 37 kW (constant speed engines)	3 000
≤ 37 kW (not constant speed engines)	5 000
> 37 kW	8 000
Engines for the use in inland waterway vessels	10 000
Railcar engines	10 000

- **Emission compliance: 8'000 hours**
- **Liebherr durability target: 15'000 hours (B10)**

US-CFR 40, §1039-125: Emission-related maintenance

■ For engines below 130 kW:

For the following components, including associated sensors and actuators, **the minimum interval is 3000 hours**: fuel injectors, turbochargers, **catalytic converters**, electronic control units, **particulate traps, trap oxidizers, components related to particulate traps and trap oxidizers**, EGR systems (including related components, but excluding filters and coolers), and other add-on components. **For particulate traps, trap oxidizers, and components related to either of these, maintenance is limited to cleaning and repair only.**

■ For engines at or above 130 kW:

For the following components, including associated sensors and actuators, **the minimum interval is 4500 hours**: fuel injectors, turbochargers, **catalytic converters**, electronic control units, **particulate traps, trap oxidizers, components related to particulate traps and trap oxidizers**, EGR systems (including related components, but excluding filters and coolers), and other add-on components. **For particulate traps, trap oxidizers, and components related to either of these, maintenance is limited to cleaning and repair only.**

Market and in use requirements

Applications with Liebherr diesel engines



Crawler excavators 20-100 t



Crawler tractors 12-60 t



Duty cycle excavators



Wheeled excavators 20-200t



Mobile construction cranes



Harbour mobile cranes



Mining excavators 100-150 t



Pipelaying machines



Mobile cranes <1200t



Crawler cranes <3000t



Reachstackers



Material handling excavators



Ship & offshore cranes



Wheel loaders



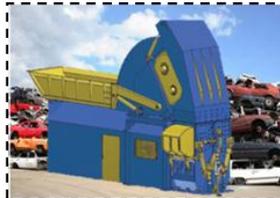
Articulated Trucks



Snow blower



Pipe Bending Machine



Shredder



Special vehicles



Agriculture



Generator set

Same emission target, different conditions



Diversity of variants: machine-specific application

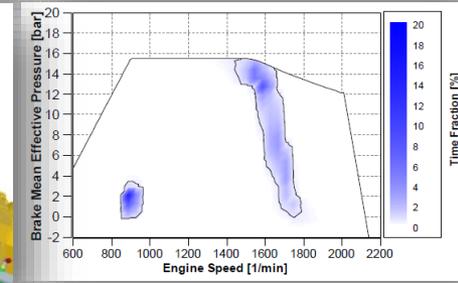
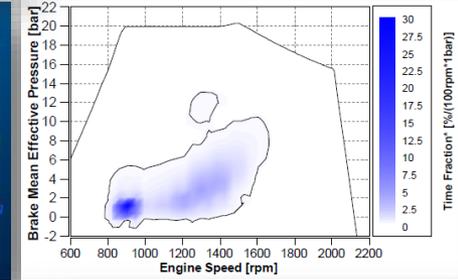
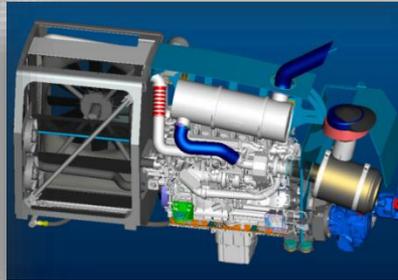
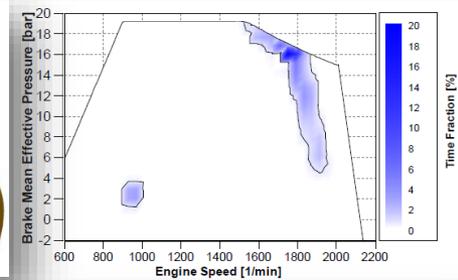
Base engine

Application

EAT integration

Duty cycle

D936 A7 DPF
230 kW @ 2000 min⁻¹

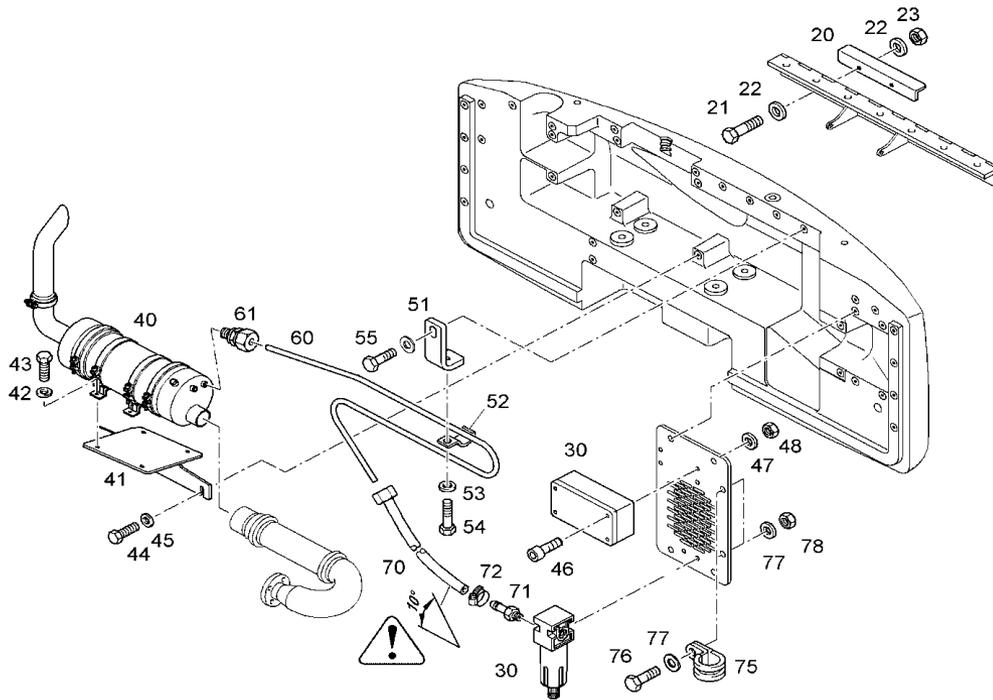


Goal: Common DPF regeneration strategy

Retrofit-DPF for Stage I, II & IIIA Engines

DPF kit – options for construction machinery

PFS assembly kit for hydraulic excavator A/R 900 C Li (Stage II
Liebherr diesel engine)



Field experience: operation and service life

Filter cleaning

- In a workshop
- Every 1,000 to 2,000 operation hours

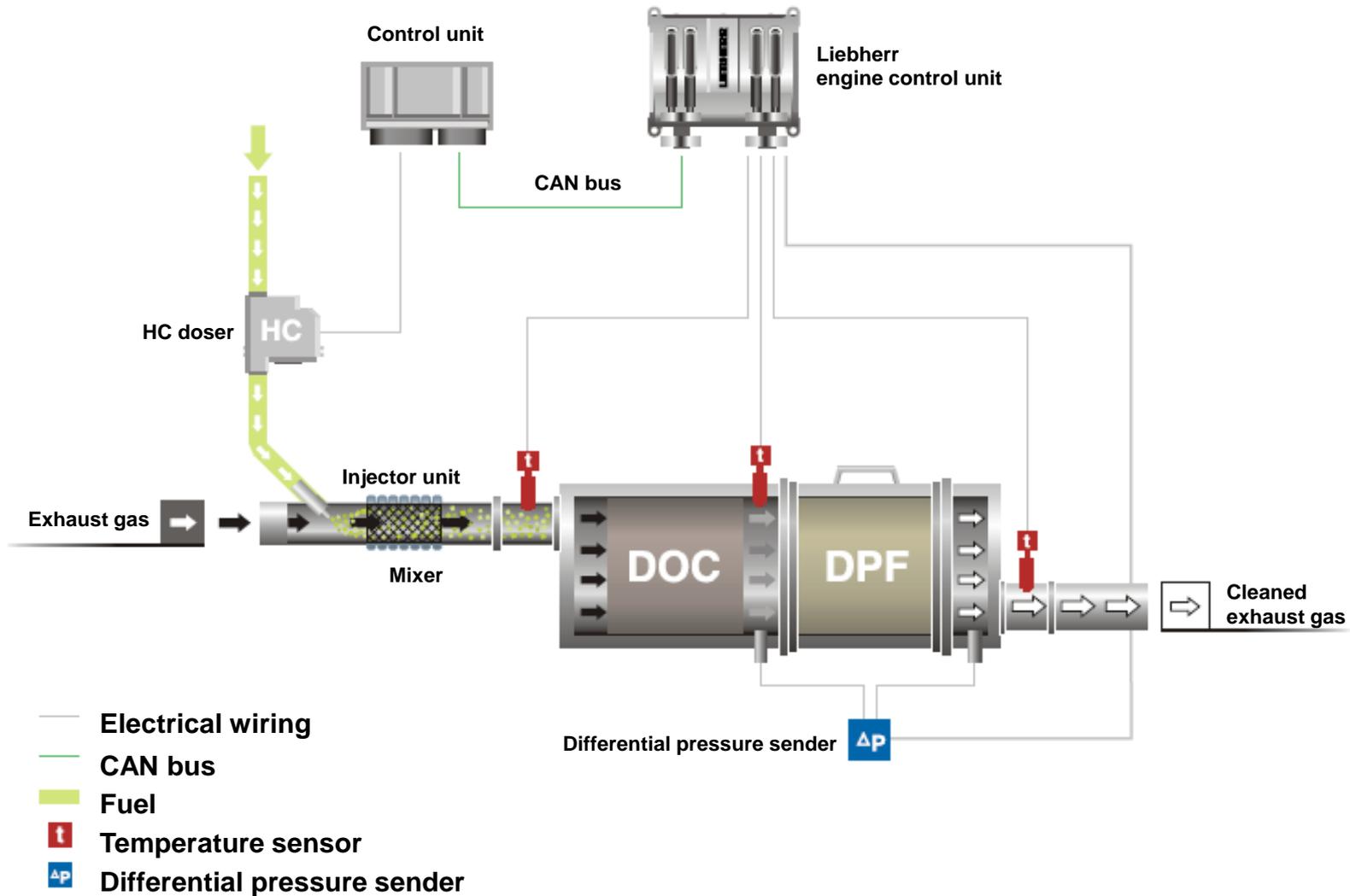
Lifetime

- 6,000 to 8,000 operating hours – provided regular maintenance



DPF Solution for Stage IIIB / Tier4i Engines

EGR / DPF system for stage IIB / Tier 4i



Ashes accumulation

$L = 13'' = 330\text{mm}$
 $D = 12'' = 305\text{ mm}$
 $A = 7,3\text{ dm}^2$
ash load = 929g

$V = 24,1\text{l}$
OFA = 34,5 %

eff. $V = 8,3145\text{l}$

„clean length“ = 175mm

„clean“ Volume = 4,06
Volume ash = 3,91

ash density = 238 g/l

Ash filing rate: 47%

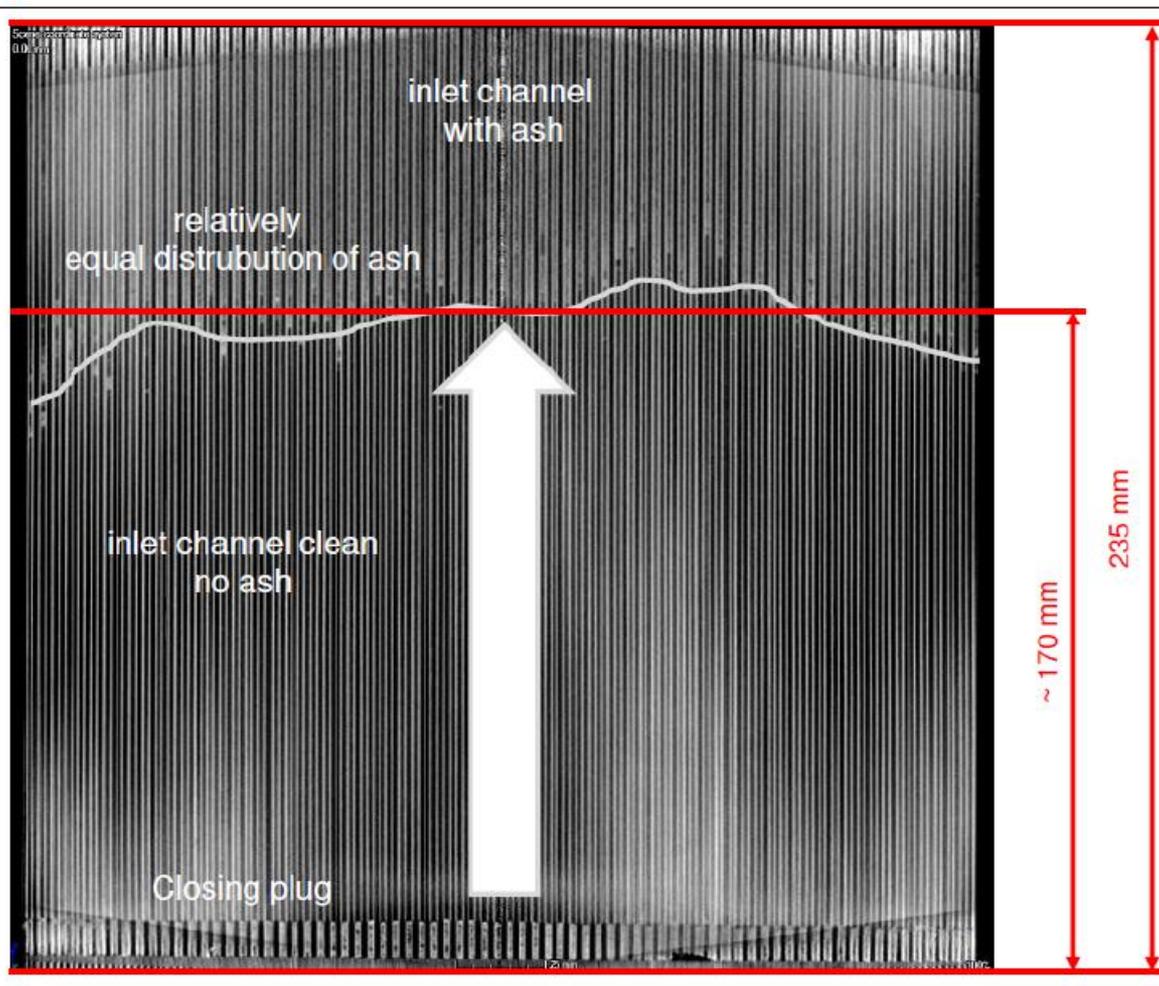


Figure 7-2 CT Analysis at 4500h

DPF cracks due to too high temperature

INLET Face



OUTLET Face



OUTLET Face cracks



Field Experience with Stage IIIB DPF

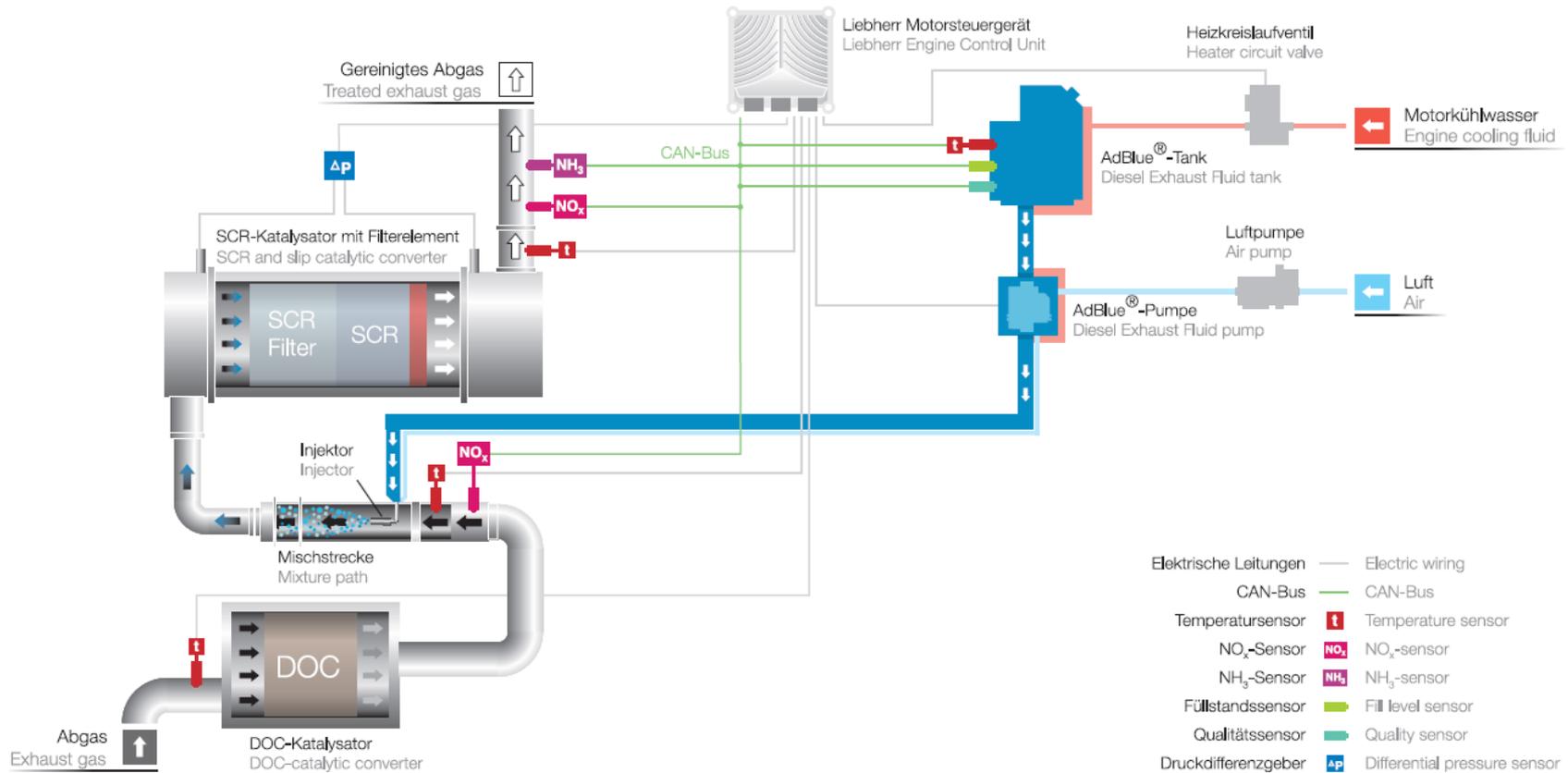
- 5'386 4 and 6 cylinder engines
- ~ 30% of the machines with more than 8'000 Bh

- Failure rate:
 - DPF: 0.1 %
 - HC Doser: 0.4 %

- DPF cleaning interval : 4'500 Bh ~ 6'000 Bh

SCRFilter Solution for Stage V

SCRFilter system



 **SCRFilter**

System Performance

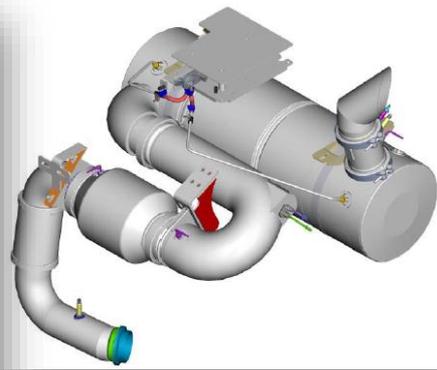
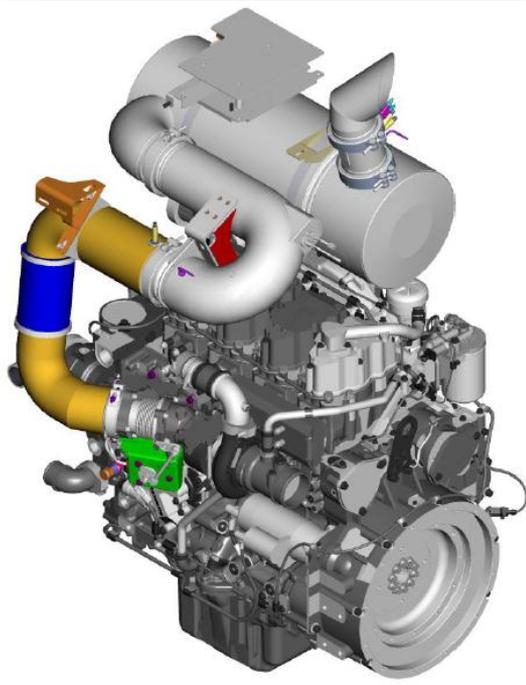
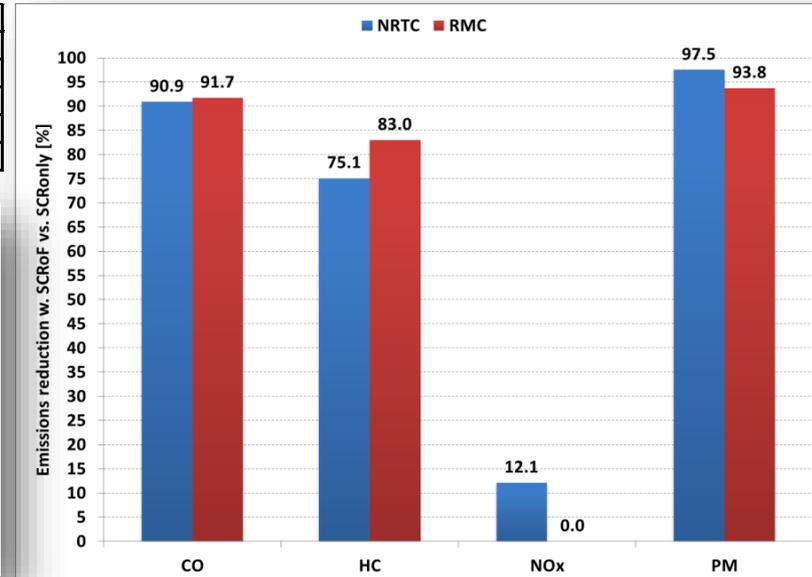
SCR only - Tier4F

SCRFilter - Tier4F + LRV

SCRFilter vs. SCR only

		CO	HC	NOx	PM
		g/kWh	g/kWh	g/kWh	g/kWh
230kW	NRTC	0.4899	0.0225	0.3376	0.02
	RMC	0.1778	0.0106	0.3182	0.0128
200kW	NRTC	0.4338	0.0213	0.3275	0.0172
	RMC	0.1639	0.0089	0.3338	0.0066

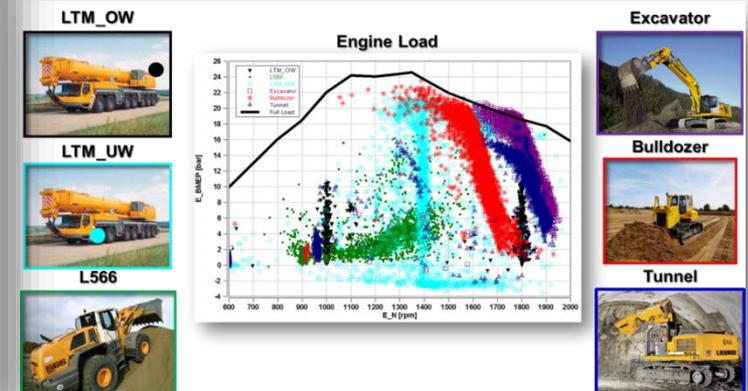
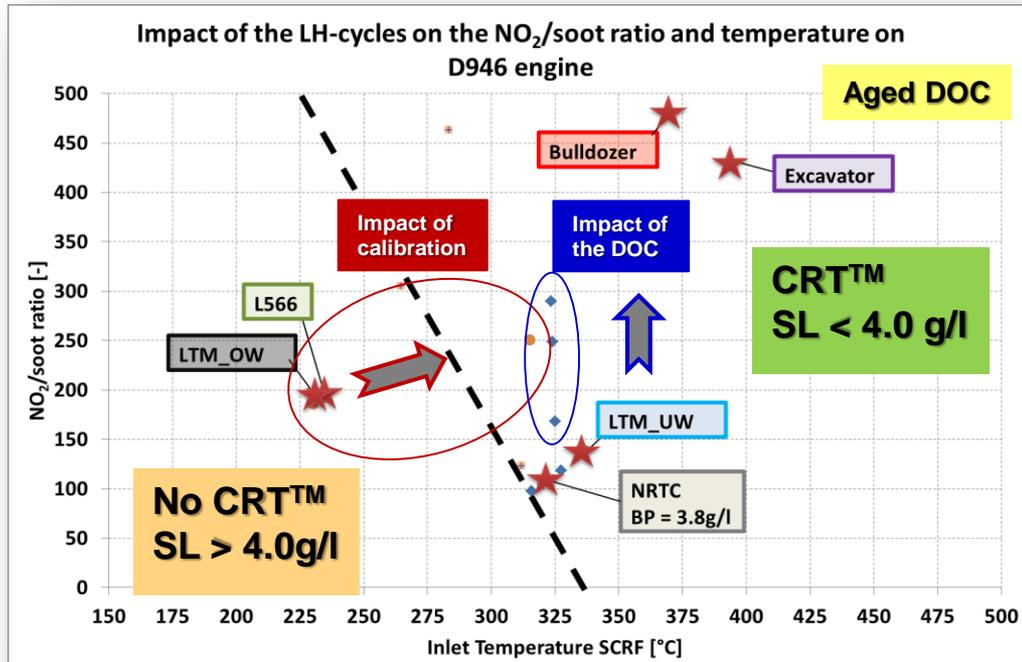
		CO	HC	NOx	PM	PN
		g/kWh	g/kWh	g/kWh	g/kWh	#/kWh
230kW	NRTC	0.0445	0.0056	0.2967	0.0005	6.97E+10
	RMC	0.0147	0.0018	0.3197	0.0008	1.87E+11
200kW	NRTC	0.0513	0.0058	0.2774	0.0007	5.04E+10
	RMC	0.0144	0.0017	0.2016	0.0006	9.03E+11



Compared to the SCRonly,

- He SCRFilter is able to reduce the CO₂ of about 90%, the HC of about 75% and the PM of about 95%.
- The SCRFilter length is about 20% longer

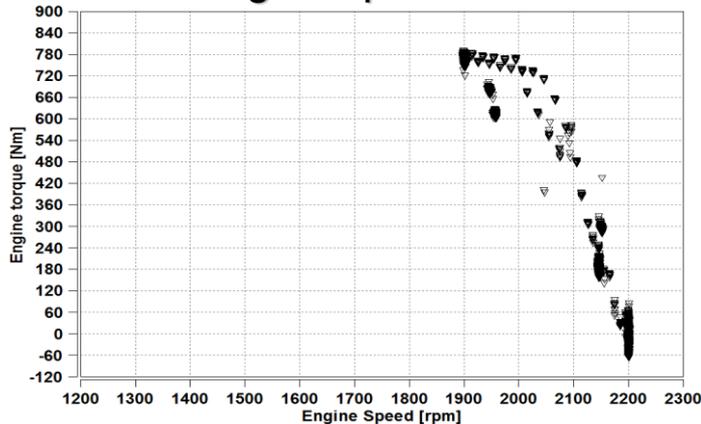
Passive regeneration



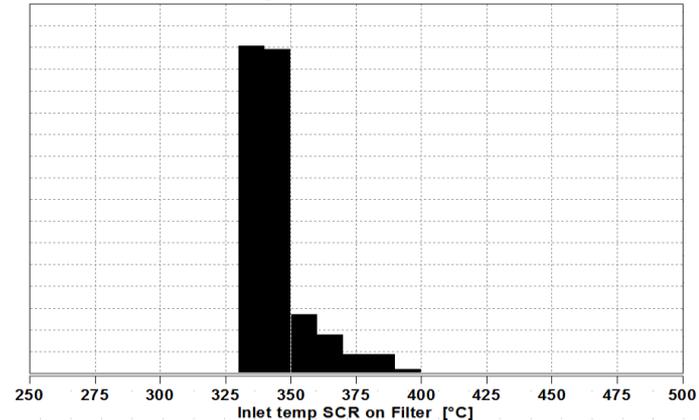
- Using the same calibration and the same Hardware, the NO₂/soot ratio depends on the application cycles
- Using the same calibration, and changing the DOC, it is possible to improve the NO₂/soot ratio (test done on NRTC cycle)
- It is possible to influence positively the NO₂/soot ratio with the engine calibration (test done on L566 cycle)

Durability (1/2)

Engine operation



Temp. SCRFilter



Grenzlast cycle 4000 hours

M0

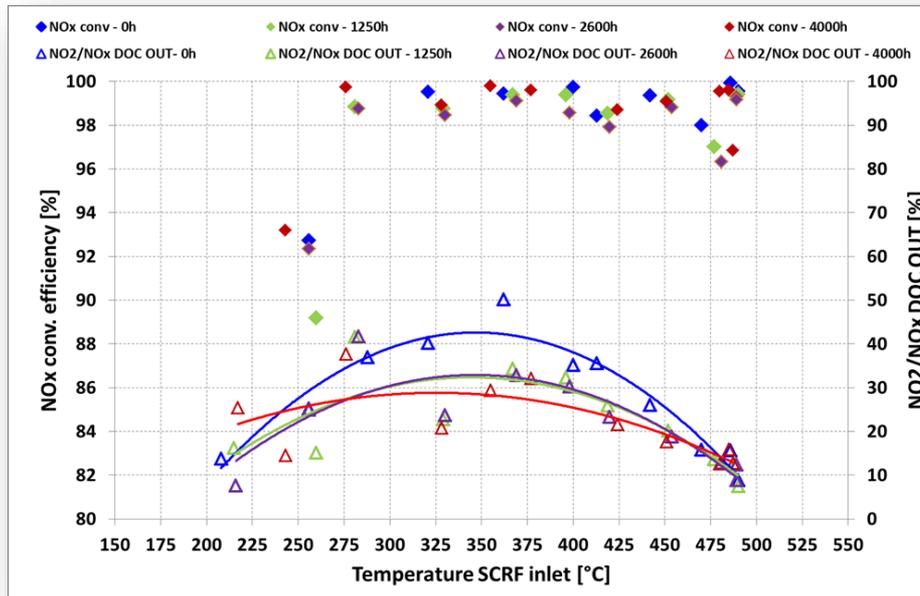
M1250

M2600

M4000

- The “Grenzlast” cycle was run during 4,000 hours
- During the endurance, all the performance of the EAS components were characterized 4 times
- The characterization @ 4,000 hours (M4000) is on going

Durability (2/2)



- During the 4,000 hrs, the complete SCRFilter system was characterized on the P&E test bench
- The last check done @ 2600 hours showed no decrease on the NO_x conversion efficiency.
- A strong DOC aging impact was observed after the 1st check (1,250hrs) but after, the DOC performance was stable
- Limited impact of the ashes on the DeNO_x was observed

Field test

R950 Tunnel
2500hrs



L556
1500hrs



L586
3800hrs



PR746
500hrs

In use monitoring up to 1025 (TBC)

Karsten Mathies
TUV Hessen Automotive



FAD WORKSHOP
RDE und mobile
Abgasmesstechnik
26., 27. Juni 2014,
Dresden

**PEMS beim TÜV Hessen,
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Tests mit System : AVL M.O.V.E. GAS PEMS 493 (PM PEMS 494)
System Control und Stromversorgung, Heavy-Duty-Cases
Abgasmassenstramsensor SEMTECH EFM 4"

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TÜV Hessen Aufnahmevorrichtung für 3-Punkt Aufnahme, Weiste-Dreieck plus Schaufelaufnahme

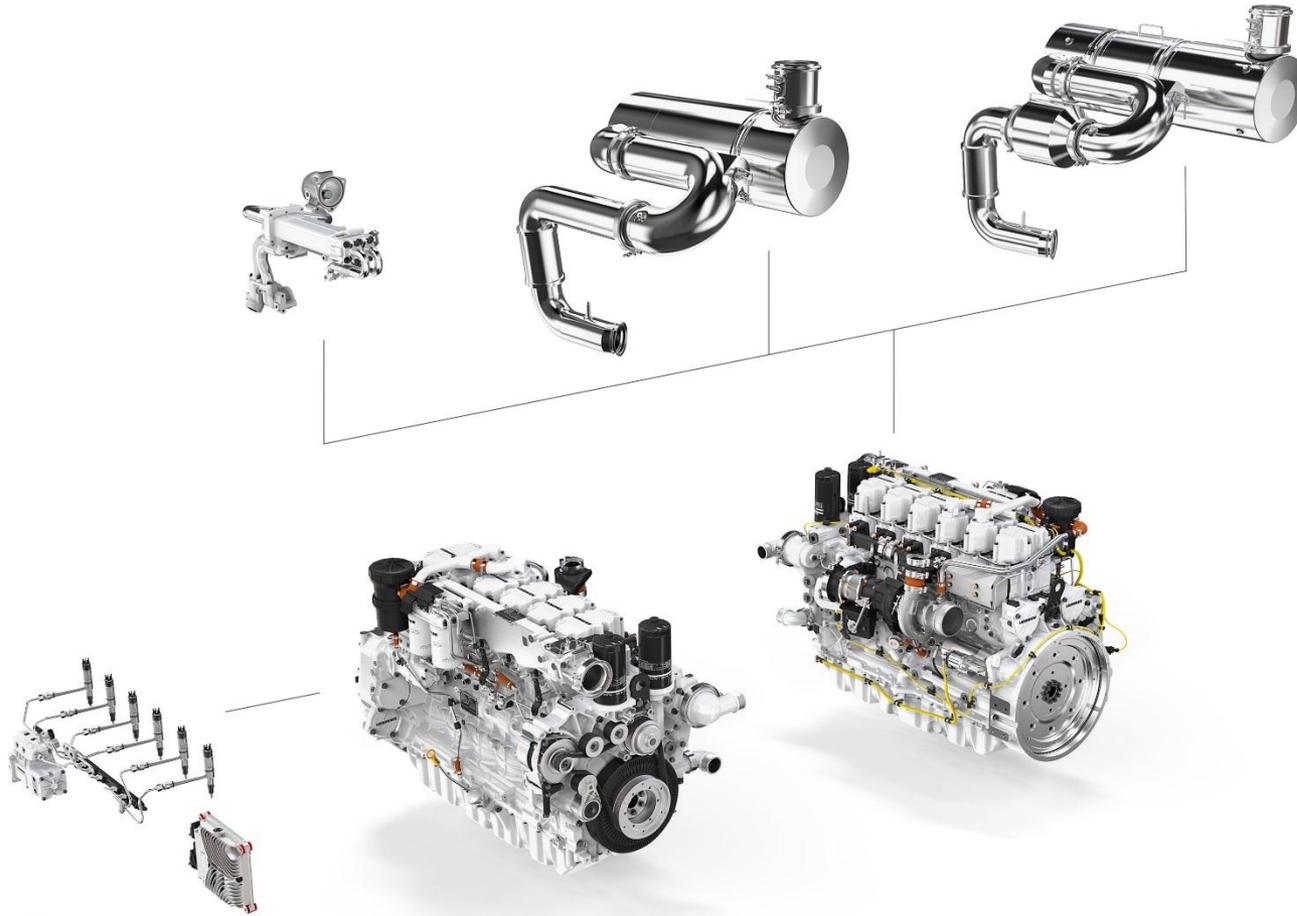


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TUV Technische Überwachung Hessen GmbH

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New generation of LIEBHERR Diesel Engines (P<560kW) → 1 single basis for 4 emission levels



**Thank you for your
attention!**