

**6th ETH CONFERENCE ON NANOPARTICLE MEASUREMENT
Zurich Aug. 19-21, 2001**

**AN UPDATE ON THE
DIESEL EXHAUST AFTERTREATMENT (DEXA) CLUSTER
OF THE EU GROWTH PROGRAMME**

A. G. Konstandopoulos^{*}, G. Boretto^{}, P. Prenninger^{***} & W. Brandstaetter^{****}**

^{}APT Lab, CERTH/CPERI, Themi, Greece*

*^{**}Centro Ricerche Fiat, Orbassano, Italy*

*^{***}AVL List, Graz, Austria*

*^{****}CDL-ACT, U. Leoben, Austria*



DEXA CLUSTER



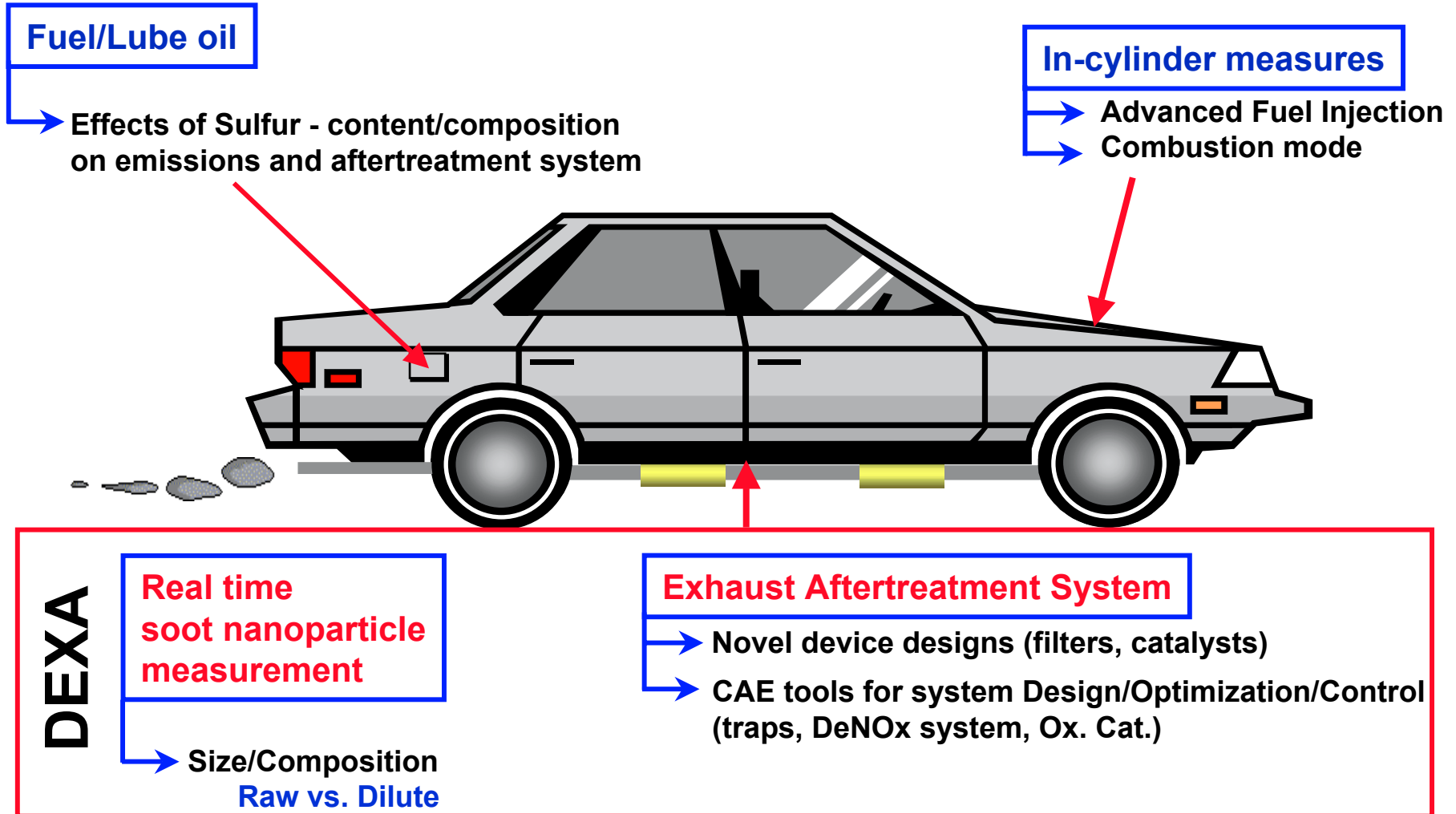
Problem addressed

The present cluster of projects is aiming at providing a complete and integrated approach at the European level, on passenger vehicle diesel exhaust aftertreatment, with emphasis on particulate emissions control for Euro IV and beyond, emission standards.



DEXA CLUSTER (2001 – 2005)

A systems approach to diesel emission control



DEXA CLUSTER PARTNERS

The cluster consists of 4 projects involving 15 partners from 7 different European countries with long-term R&D experience in Diesel exhaust aftertreatment and engine technologies.



RENAULT



Johnson Matthey

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STÄRKER**

ISTITUTO MOTORI



Università di Napoli Federico II



AVL

FEV



DEXA CLUSTER



DEXA Cluster Projects

The DEXA cluster focuses on 3 aspects of diesel particulate emissions:

- ¥ component technology integration
in two demonstrator vehicles (Project ART-DEXA)
- ¥ system design and simulation tools
(Projects SYLOC-DEXA, STYFF-DEXA)
- ¥ quality assessment and measurements
of nanoparticles (Project PSICO-DEXA)



CLUSTER MANAGEMENT



ART-DEXA

DURATION:1/2/2000-31/1/2003

Coordinator:
Gianmarco Boretto
CR FIAT



SYLOC-DEXA

DURATION:1/2/2000-31/1/2003

Coordinator:
Peter Prenninger
AVL List GmbH



STYFF-DEXA

DURATION:1/5/2002-31/04/2005

Coordinator:
Wilhelm Branstaetter
U. LOBEN



PSICO-DEXA

DURATION:1/1/2000-31/12/2002

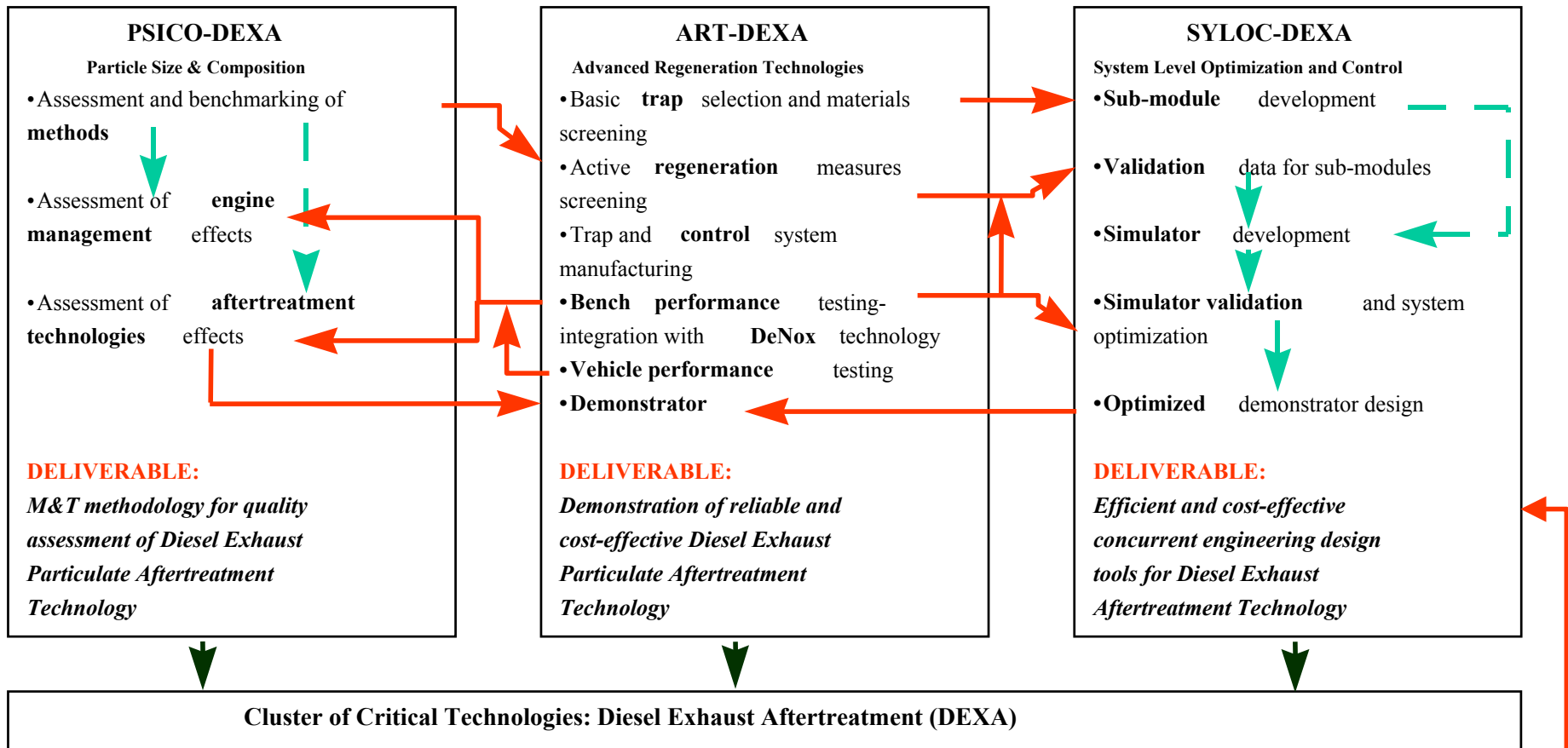
Cluster Coordinator:
Athanasios G. Konstandopoulos
CERTH/CPERI



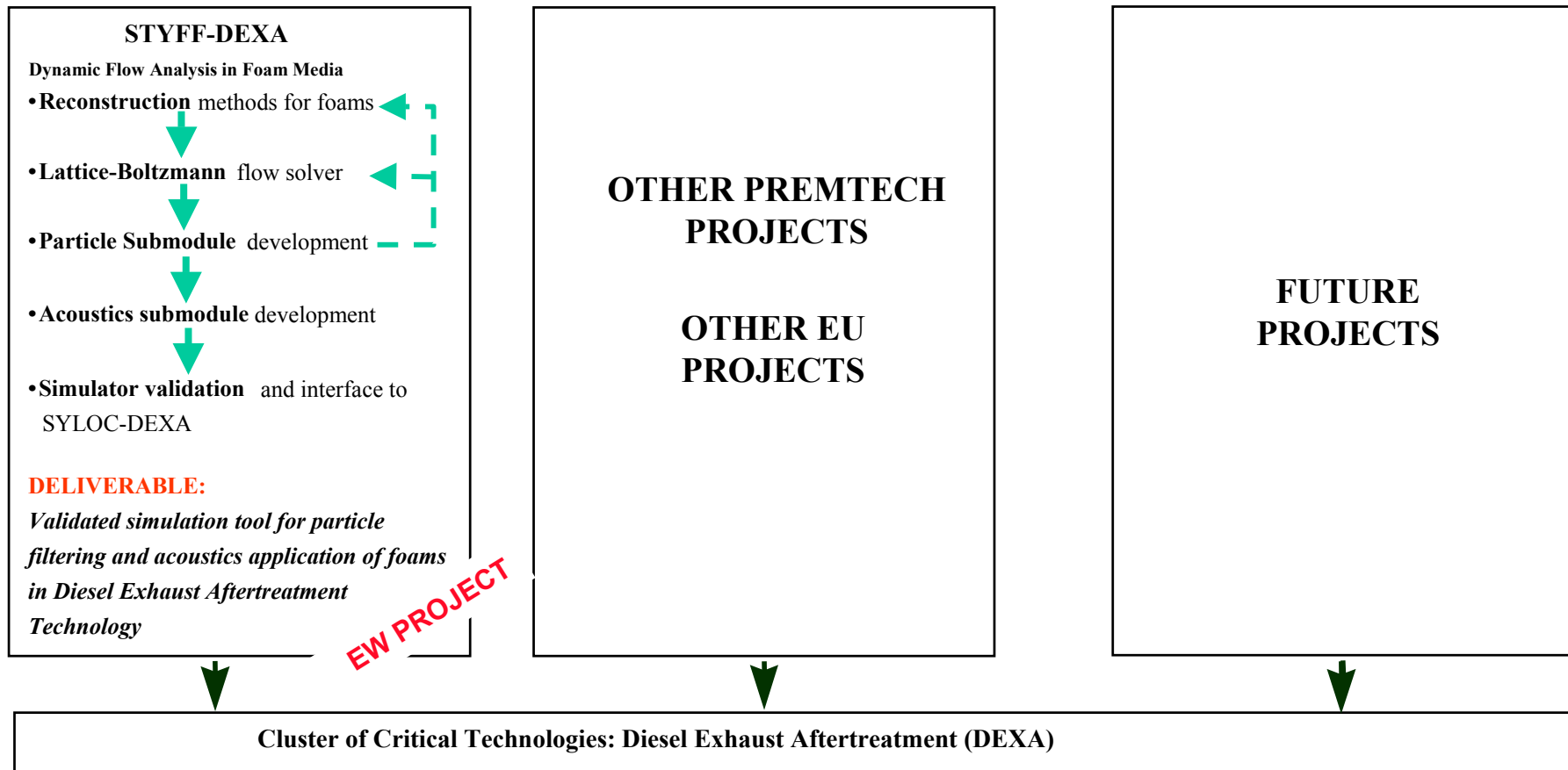
DEXA CLUSTER



DEXA CLUSTER STRUCTURE -1



DEXA CLUSTER STRUCTURE-2



ART-DEXA Summary

¥ Basic Trap Selection and Material Screening

- ¥ Different trap concepts have been investigated both internal and external to the project
- ¥ Three promising component technologies have been selected for further development for demonstrator vehicles

¥ Active Regeneration Measures Screening

- ¥ Active engine management leading to regeneration potential and its effect on fuel consumption and driveability has been studied

¥ Trap and Control System Manufacturing

- ¥ Filter operation, diagnostics and control algorithms have been developed and programmed
- ¥ Control system manufacturing is achieved

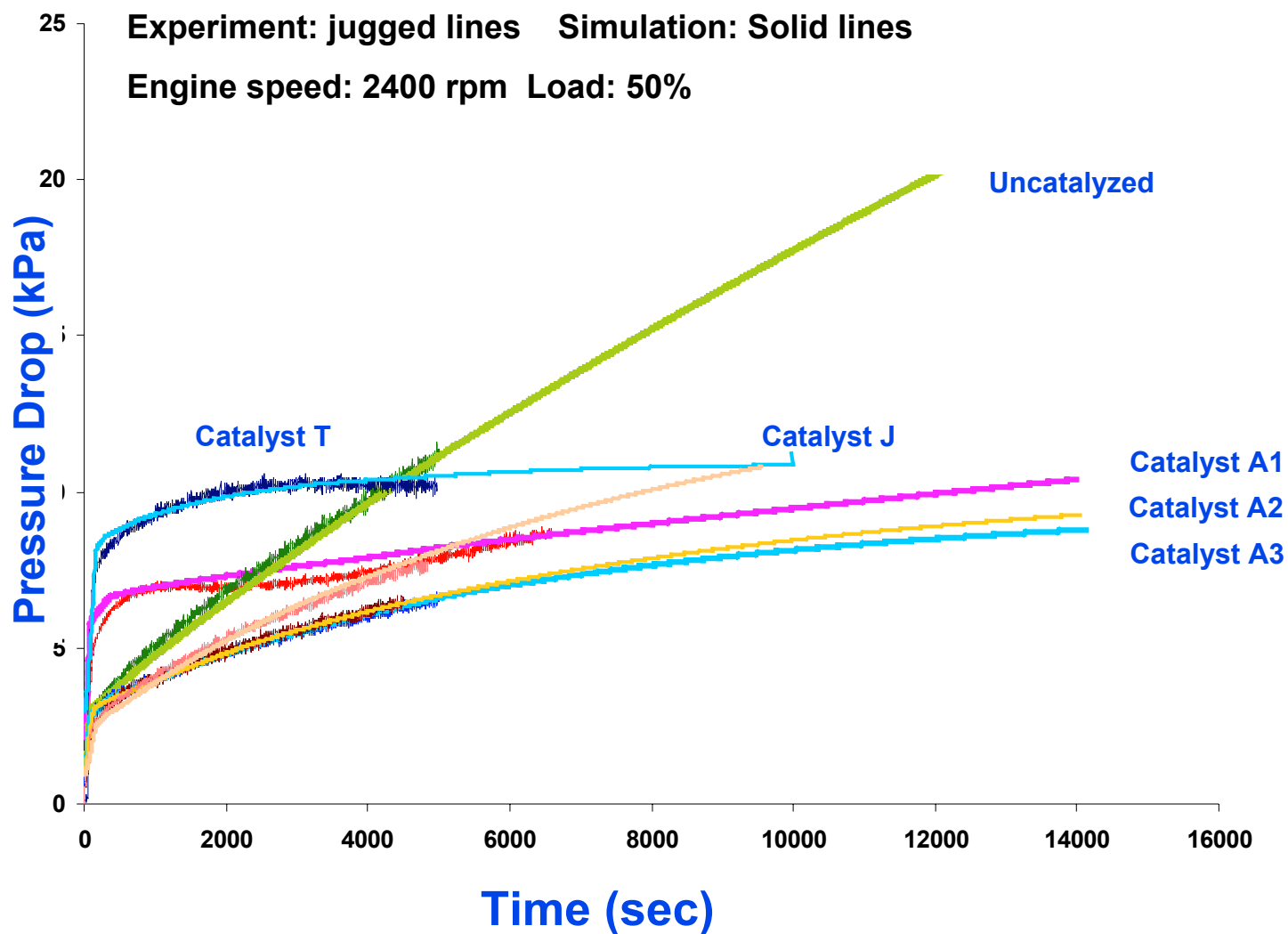


SYLOC-DEXA Summary

- ¥ **Submodel procurement is completed**
 - ¥ Filters
 - ¥ Catalysts
- ¥ **Database of component technologies is in place**
 - ¥ Exhaust system layouts
 - ¥ Filter materials and configurations
 - ¥ Catalysts
- ¥ **Computational interfaces/platforms defined**
 - ¥ Engine cycle simulation
 - ¥ Exhaust pipe CFD
 - ¥ Filter/Catalyst parameters
- ¥ **Validation Data collection in progress**
 - ¥ Emission control components procured and tested
 - ¥ System lay-out for vehicle demonstrators completed



PARTICULATE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEMS: EXPERIMENT AND SIMULATION



NEW PROJECT

STYFF-DEXA Summary

- ¥ **Kick-off was in July 2002**
- ¥ **Emphasis is on novel computational techniques for soot aggregate transport and reaction in porous media in a parallel computing environment**
- ¥ **Particle Emission Control as well as Noise-Abatement is studied employing porous cellular structures**
- ¥ **Results will be incorporated into the SYLOC-DEXA toolkit**



PSICO-DEXA Summary

¥ Size measurement techniques

¥ Mobility techniques define the standard and real time performance has been demonstrated (TDMPS). New analysis to connect number and mass based distributions for fractal particles

¥ Multiwavelength optical techniques are promising

¥ Composition measurement techniques

¥ Baseline/Post-catalyst/Post filter changes of particles studied with emphasis on sulfate formation

¥ Neutron activated Gamma-ray spectroscopy for trace elements on particles is demonstrated

¥ Joint size-composition measurement techniques

¥ Thermophoretic Sampling/AEM, Size specific photoelectric yield, and size specific gamma-ray spectroscopy are developed and applied

¥ Assessment of Engine Management & Aftertreatment Effects

¥ Strategies and aftertreatment technologies based on ART-DEXA

¥ Assessment of technologies under normal and regeneration operation



DEXA CLUSTER DELIVERABLES (March 2003)

¥ ART-DEXA

- ¥ Two optimized vehicle demonstrators with advanced particulate emission control

¥ SYLOC-DEXA

- ¥ Exhaust aftertreatment system simulator tool and its application for the optimization of demonstrator system layout

¥ PSICO-DEXA

- ¥ Database of engine management and emission control technology effects on particle size & composition

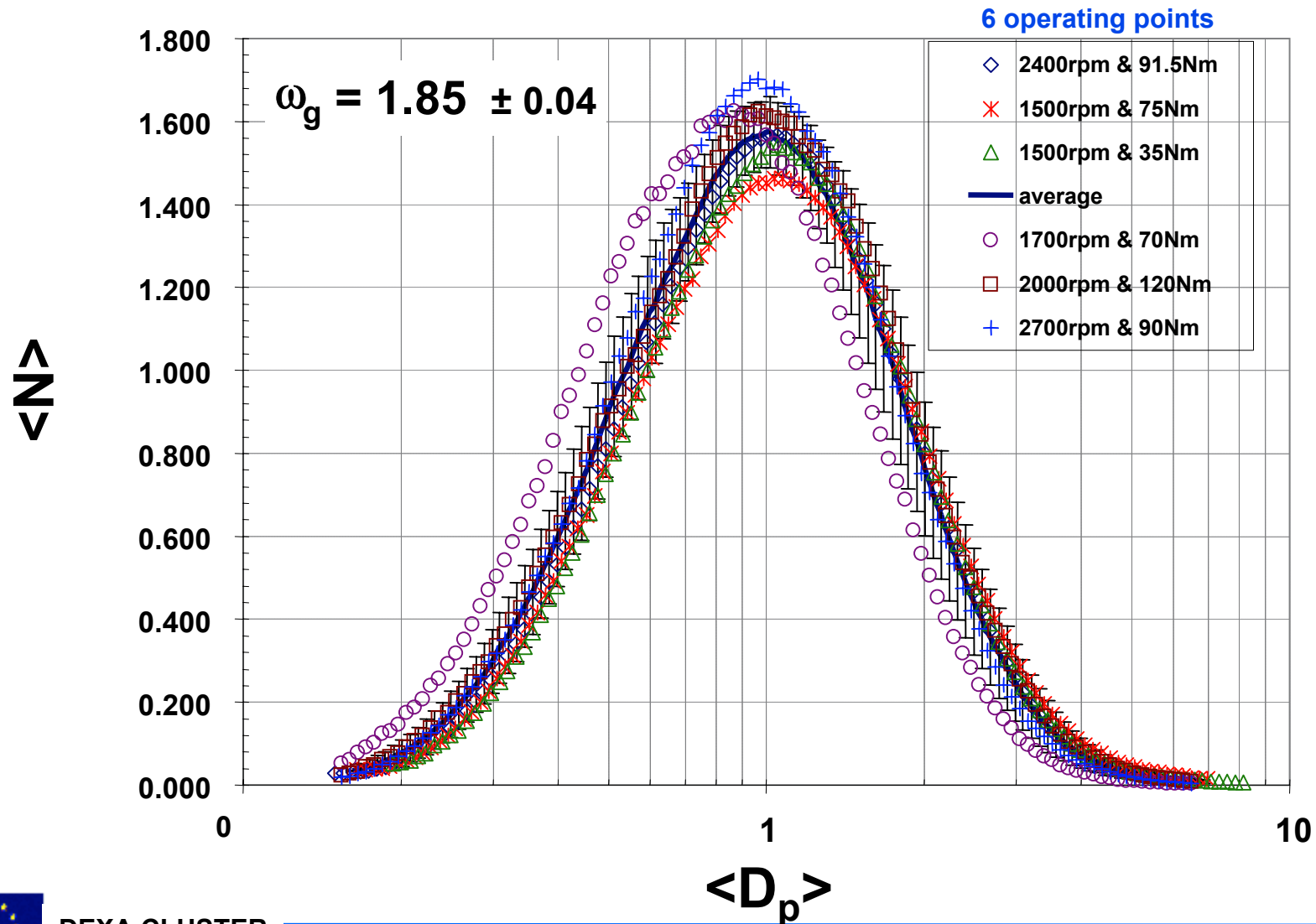
¥ STYFF-DEXA

- ¥ Validated computational engine for reconstruction of porous cellular structures



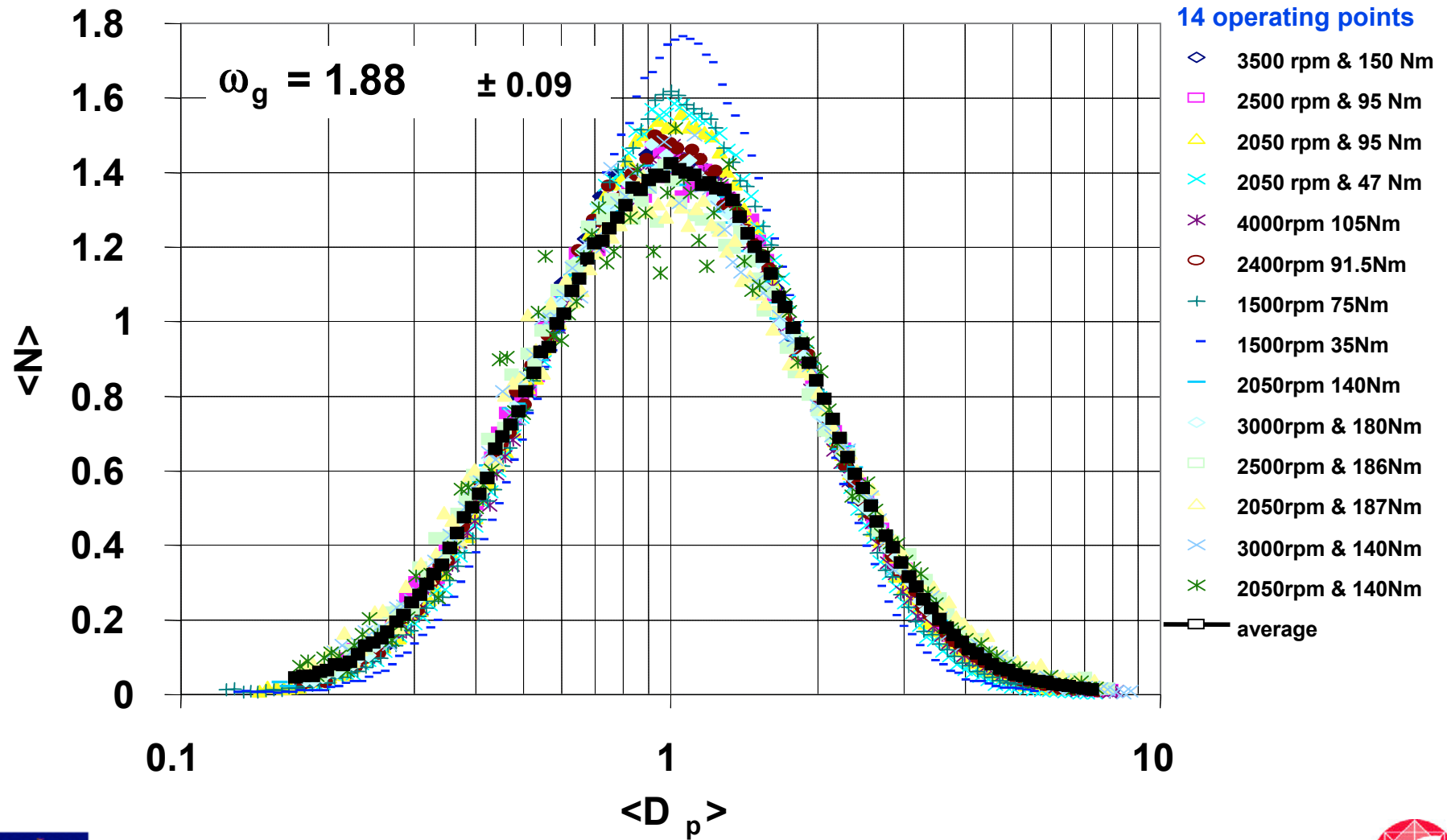
UNIVERSAL LOGNORMAL SIZE DISTRIBUTION-1

1.9L Turbo Diesel DI engine with conventional fuel injection



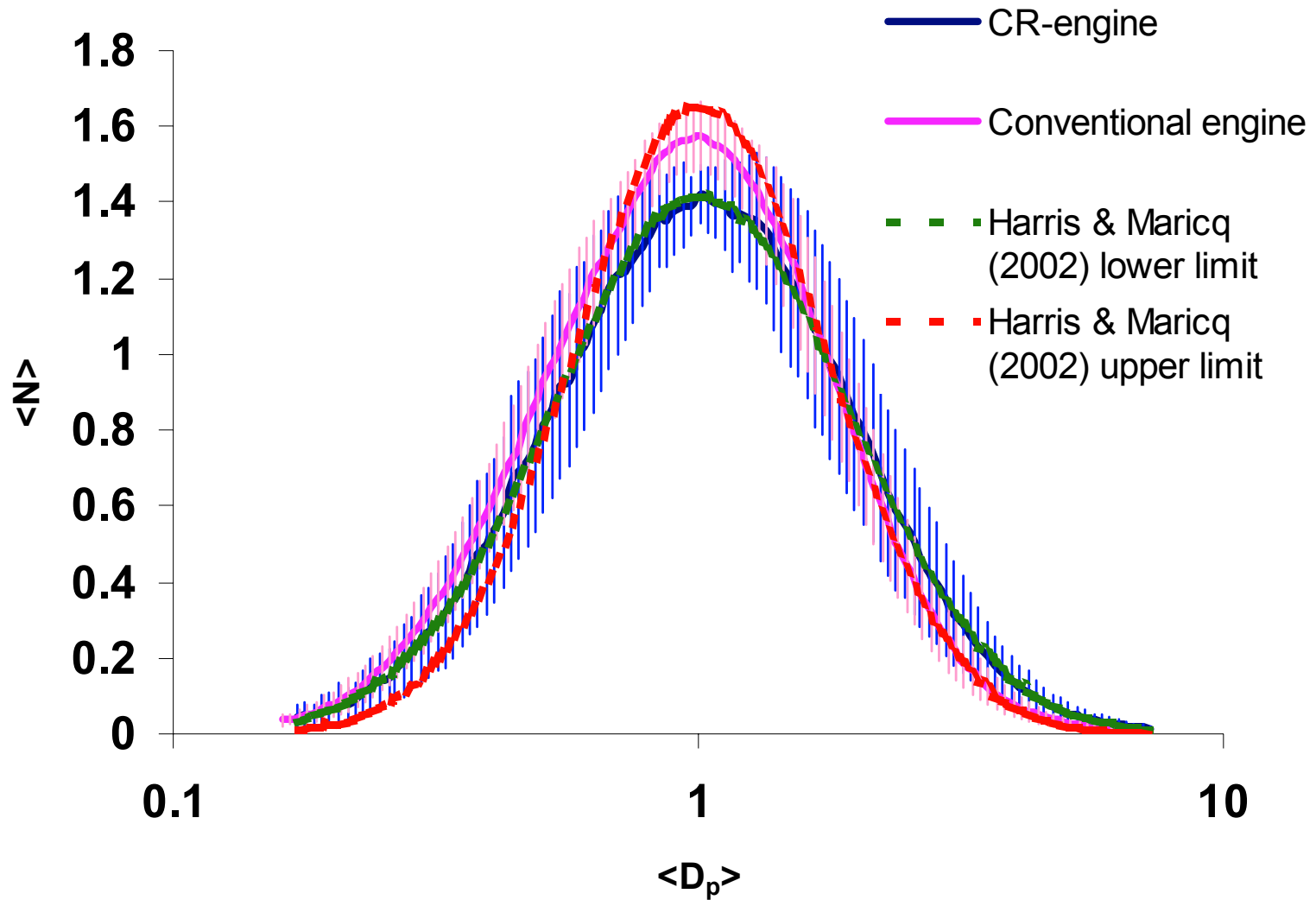
UNIVERSAL LOGNORMAL SIZE DISTRIBUTION-2

1.9L Turbo Diesel DI engine with common rail fuel injection

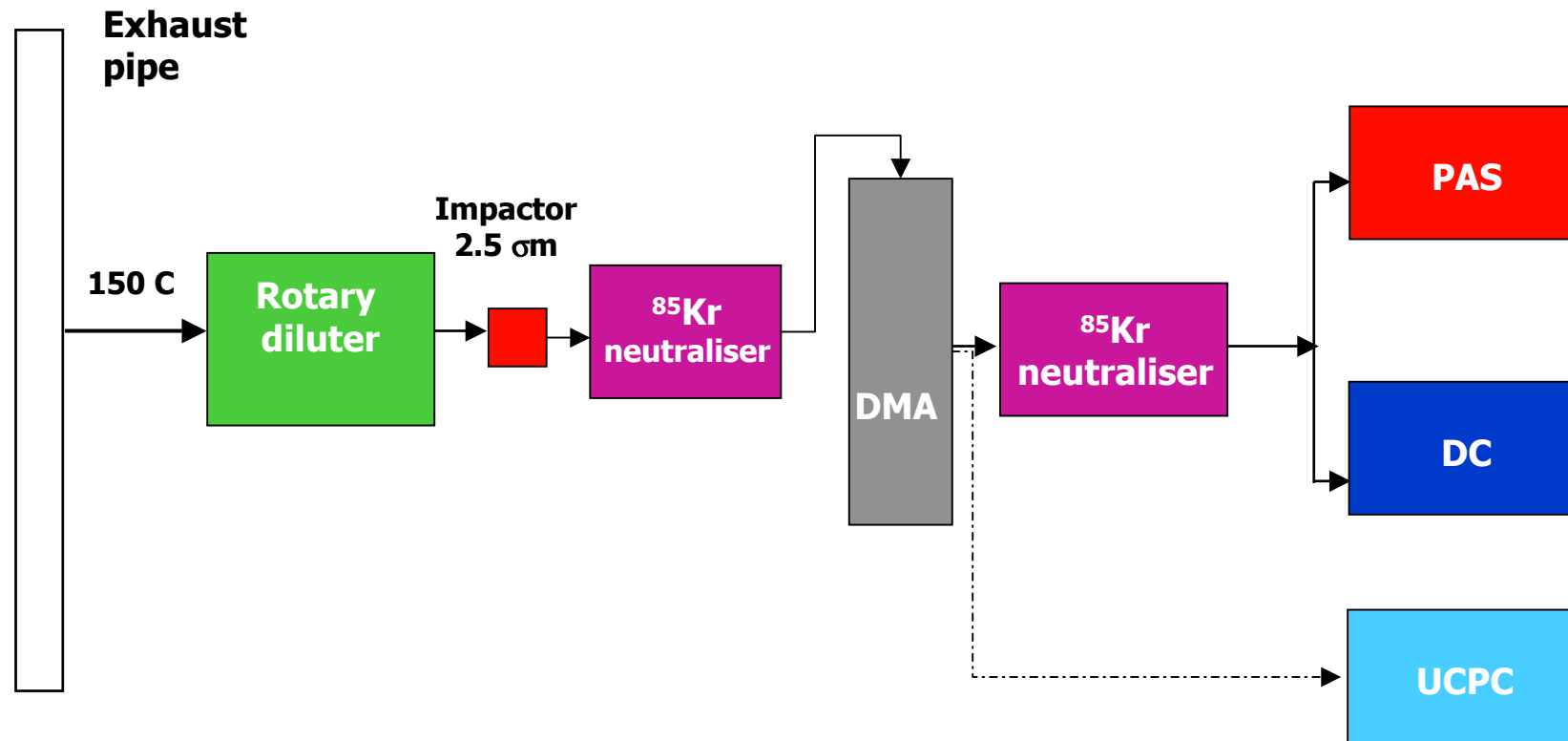


UNIVERSAL LOGNORMAL SIZE DISTRIBUTION

Comparison to Literature



DMA-PAS/DC IN SERIES SETUP FOR SIZE RESOLVED COMPOSITION MEASUREMENT



FUCHS SURFACE OF A DIESEL AGGREGATE

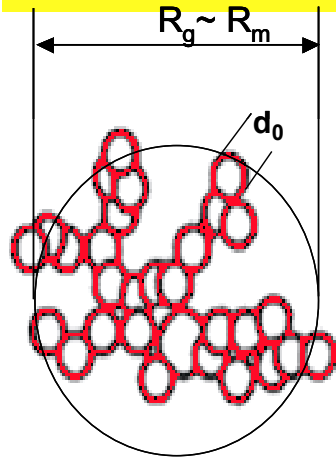
$$\text{Fuchs}(x) \mid \phi x^2 1.657 \frac{\text{Kn}(x)}{\text{SCF}(x)} \mid \left[\begin{array}{l} \phi x^2 \\ 1.657 \text{Kn}(x) \phi x^2 \Im x \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Kn}(x) \Downarrow \leftarrow \\ \text{Kn}(x) \Downarrow 0 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Kn}(x) \mid \frac{2\zeta}{x} \quad \zeta \mid \tau \sqrt{\frac{\phi MW}{2RT}} \quad \text{SCF}(x) \mid 12 \text{Kn}(x) (1.2572 0.4 e^{4 \frac{0.4}{\text{Kn}(x)}})$$

Mob. Diam.	Mob. surface	Number of primary particles in aggregate	Fuchs surface	Fractal aggregate surface	Fuchs fractal aggregate surface
D_m	ϕD_m^2	$N_A = k_m (D_m/d_0)^{1.82}$	$\text{Fuchs}(D_m)$	$N_A \phi d_0^2$	$N_A \text{Fuchs}(d_0)$



FRACTAL PREFACTOR OF DIESEL AGGREGATES: SMPS vs. LPME* CORRELATION



***LPME: Long Path
Multiwavelength Extinction**

The SMPS vs. LPME correlation is the same for:

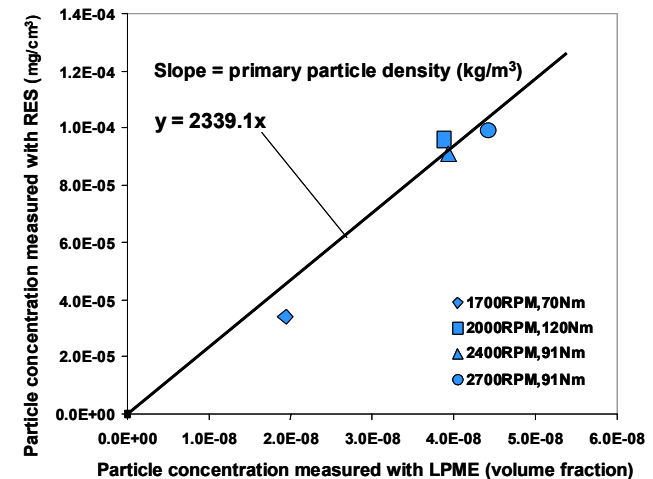
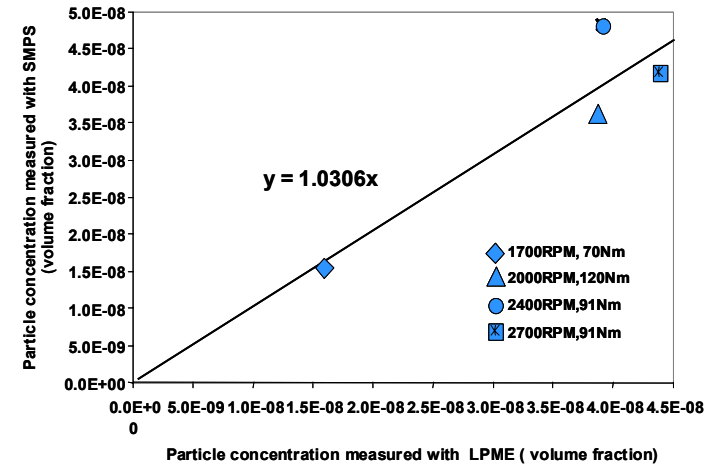
$$N_A \mid k_m \left(\frac{2R_m}{d_0} \right)^{D_f}$$

$$k_m \mid 3.9 \quad D_f \mid 1.82^* \quad d_0 - 32 \text{ nm or}$$

$$k_m \mid 1.76 \quad D_f \mid 2.4^{**} \quad d_0 - 32 \text{ nm}$$

* If particles are DLCCA clusters

** Based on mass vs. mobility measurements of Kittelson & McMurry (2002)

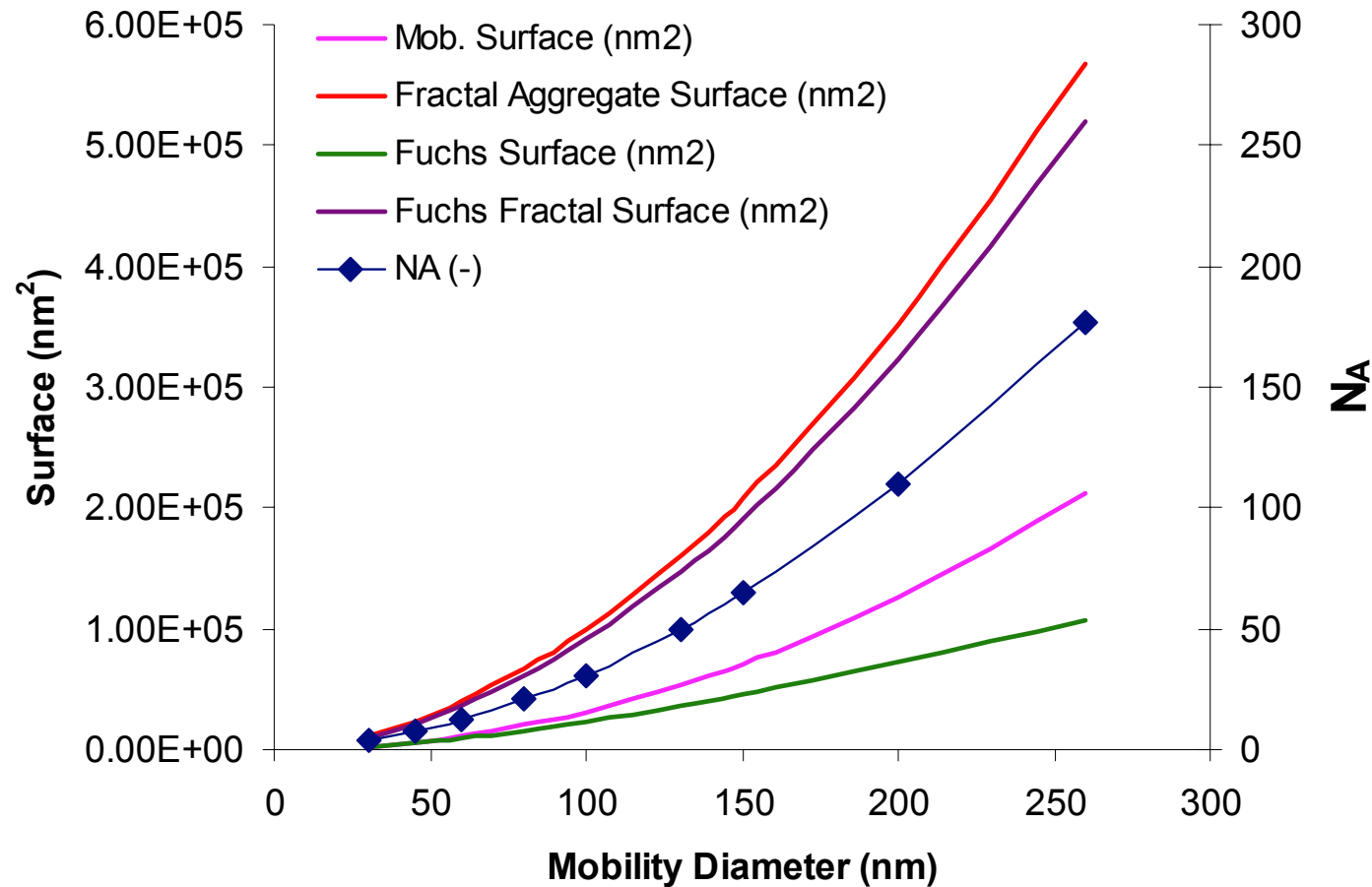


Konstandopoulos et al. (2001)

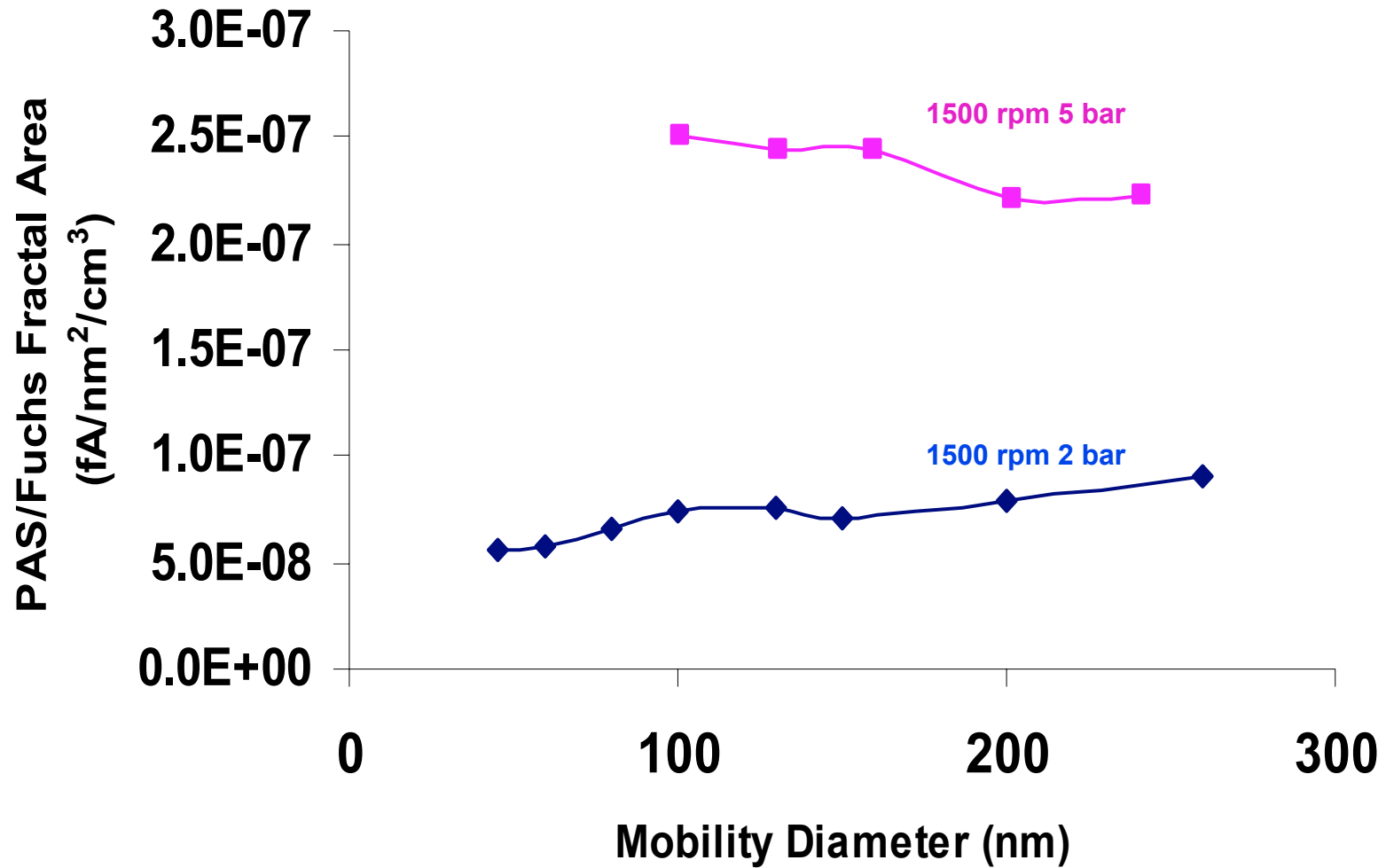


“SURFACE” DEFINITIONS OF A DIESEL AGGREGATE

Example calculation for $N_A \mid k_m \left(\frac{2R_m}{d_0}\right)^{D_f} \quad k_m \mid 3.9 \quad D_f \mid 1.82$



PAS/Total Fuchs Fractal Area For Different Engine Loads



BEYOND THE DEXA-CLUSTER

*In response to the EU CALL FOR Expressions of Interest (6/02)
the DEXA CLUSTER Partners have formed the*

ECONET

Network of Excellence to address the

NEEDS FOR FUTURE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEMS

- ↓ **Compactness (size reduction by > 50%)**
- ↓ **Cost (target to be defined in €/kW of engine power)**
- ↓ **Flexibility and tolerance to new fuels and engines**

